



CAPTURING THE STATE OF KNOWLEDGE IN EURAD KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT

EURAD WP11 State-of-Knowledge (SoK)

<u>Alexandru Tatomir</u> (WP11 Lead), Tobias Knuuti, Astrid Göbel, Carola Franzen, Dinara Abbasova, Thuro Arnold, Vinzenz Brendler, Kateryna Fuzik



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement N°847593

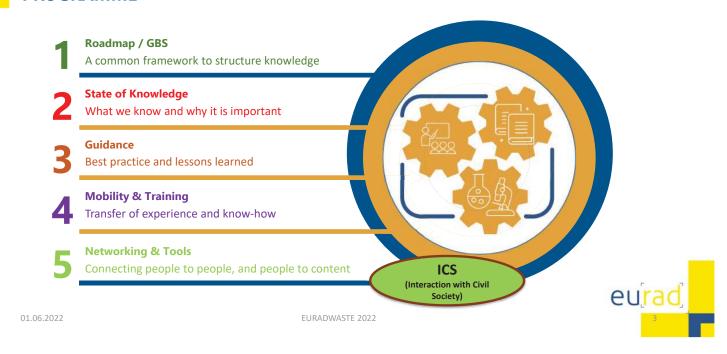


- Introduction
- Capturing the State-of-Knowledge
 - Structuring the Knowledge GBS
 - Types of KM Documents
 - KM Document Implementation Procedures
- Status of KM Document Production
 - KM Documents Status
 - Lessons Learnt from KM Document Production
- Making the State-of-Knowledge Available
 - Review of Existing KM Systems and Tools
 - The EURAD Wiki
- Conclusions and Outlook

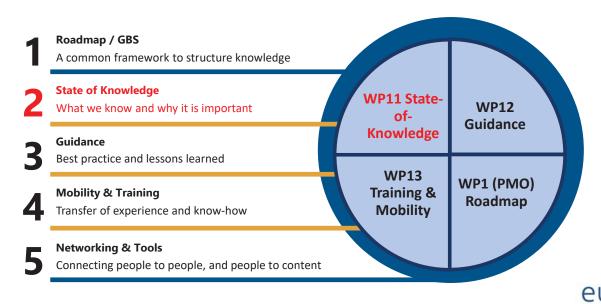


INTR

INTRODUCTION: EURAD KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT & NETWORKING PROGRAMME



INTRODUCTION: EURAD KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT & NETWORKING PROGRAMME





WP11 STATE-OF-KNOWLEDGE GOALS

- State-of-Knowledge (SoK): the science and technology underpinning RWM in a given topic
- Main Goal:
 - Establish the SoK, i.e. preserving, capitalising and providing open-access to knowledge that can be extracted by present and future generation of experts, and end-users in Europe and other stakeholders in Europe and beyond: WMOs, TSOs, REs, Programme Owners, Civil Society
- Approach: collecting experts' view on the most relevant knowledge and associated uncertainties in a specific domain associated to RWM
 - Production of KM (Knowledge Management) documents and making them publically available
 - Agile "learning-by-doing" approach: achieving content quickly, rather than focussing on processes first



01.06.2022 EURADWASTE 2022



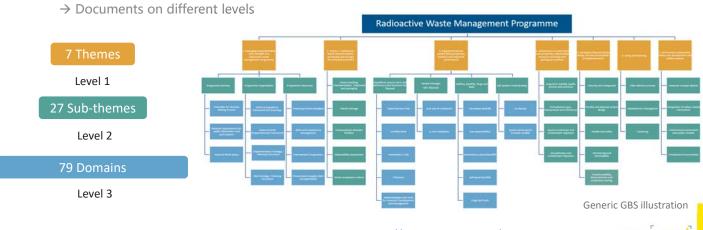
WP11 STATE-OF-KNOWLEDGE MOTIVATION

- Challenges KM is addressing:
 - Transfer of knowledge from advanced to early-stage programmes
 - Advanced programmes that want to asses the work they have performed
 - Generational change (capturing the knowledge of retiring generation)
 - Transfer of knowledge to the new entrants to the field (new employees at WMOs, TSOs, REs, students, civil society, etc.)
 - Identify knowledge gaps for RD&D, Guidance, Training & Education



TOPICS ALIGNED WITH THE EURAD GOALS BREAKDOWN STRUCTURE (WP 1)

GBS: Hierarchical structuring of topics allows organisation of and navigation through knowledge



https://www.ejp-eurad.eu/roadmap

01.06.2022 **EURADWASTE 2022**

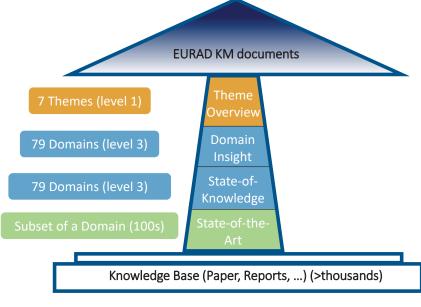


EXAMPLE OF ROADMAP STRUCTURE: BREAKDOWN OF THEME 6

Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Sub-themes Theme **Domains** 6.1.1 Conceptual planning Identify key decision points, and develop screening guidelines to enable a facility to be located to natch national performance criteria and socio-economic, political and environmental consideration 6.1 Site selection process Themes of the GBS: Establish and implemen an overall plan for the 1. National Programme site selection process, and identify potential **6.1.2 Site evaluation** itable sites by using the developed screening guidelines Management using available data Pre-disposal 2. 6.2.1 Site characterisation Initiate a site(s) investigation programme to obtain sufficient data to obtain regulatory approval that the site(s) is/are likely to be suitable and whether the final stage of site confirmation would be likely to result in a license application 6. Siting and Licensing Engage effectively and demonstrate to regulators (and the public) that a properly sited disposal facility will protect people and the environment at the time of disposal and in the very long term, following closure **Engineered Barrier** 6.2 Detailed site investigate one or more System 6.2.2 Site confirmation Continue detailed site(s) investigation, confirmation of the site, and preparation of an environmenta impact assessment to the level required for construction and operational license application sites to demonstrate that Geoscience they would be suitable from the safety and othe Disposal facility design viewpoints and optimisation Engage effectively with local government / regulators / consultative bodies / waste producers by providing open access to information, and that their concerns are appropriately weighted and that they can participate in the relevant decision-making processes 6.3 Licensing 6. Siting and Licensing Obtain the necessary land use permits and Safety Case 6.3.2 Regulatory licensing Adhere to the licensing process set by national legislation and regulatory bodies (for nuclea installations) and meet the requirements relating to facility authorization close the disposal facility

KM DOCUMENT STRUCTURE

Level of detail



01.06.2022 **EURADWASTE 2022**

KM DOCUMENT STRUCTURE **EURAD KM documents** 79 Domains (level 3) State-of-79 Domains (level 3) Level of detail Knowledge Base (Paper, Reports, ... EURADWASTE 2022

Theme Overview

Broad description of programme goals and typical activities for each theme and how they evolve over the phases of implementation

Domain Insight (WP11)

Context documents that provide direct links for each knowledge domain to safety and implementation goals related to DGR requirements

State-of-Knowledge (WP11)

Experts' view of the most relevant knowledge and associated uncertainties in a specific domain applied in the context of a radioactive waste management programme

State-of-the-Art

Oriented on a WP subject with narrower scope than a Domain. Focus on detailed mechanistic or process level understanding.

01.06.2022



STATUS OF KM DOCUMENT PRODUCTION

First SoK document on SNF (3.1.1)

- Author: Kastriot Spahiu
- Topic: Spent Nuclear Fuel
- Reviewed by 11 organizations

"Globally I am very positively surprised by this SoK. It seems to me that it offers a good balance between providing a broad overview + detailed and scientific information about the topic (without being a detailed SOTA)...."

"We congratulate Kastriot for this excellent authoritative review which will be a long-lasting guide for research and development in the area of spent nuclear fuel as waste form. It provides a comprehensive but still compact and condensed introduction to the subject – it comprises pretty much every relevant aspect. It is an almost ideal introduction in particular for young scientists..."

EURAD

State of the Knowledge (5oK) Report

Spent Nuclear Fuel

Domain 3.1.1

Kastriot Spahlu

SK8, Stockholm and Challemen University of Technology,
Gothanburg, Sweden

Version: 1.0; 08 November 2021

Please once: The indimension made action disk decrement are not not accessed by the values of blothal or any of
the section of the control of the control of the control of the control of
the section of the control of the control of the control of the control of
the section of the control of the control of the control of
the section of the control of the control of the control of
the section of the control of the control of the control of
the section of the control of the control of the control of
the section of the control of the control of
the section of the control of the control of
the section of the control of the control of
the section of the control of the control of
the section of the control of the control of
the section of the control of the control of
the section of the control of the control of
the section of the control of the control of
the control of the control of the control of
the control of the control of the control of
the control of the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the control of the control of
the con

Themes (level 1)

7 Themes (level 1)

7 Domains (level 3)

7 Domains (level 3)

7 Domains (level 3)

State-of-the-Art

Knowledge Base (Paper, Reports, ...) (>thousands)



EURADWASTE 2022



01.06.2022

DOMAIN INSIGHT PRODUCTION

[3.1.1 Spent nuclear fuel; domain insight]

21 EU Member States manage about 59 000 tHM of spent nuclear fuel used in previous and current nuclear power generation and research activities. Each year, about 3200 tHM of additional spent fuel is generated. The majority of the EU Member States plan to dispose of their spent fuel directly, in a deep geological repository. To bridge the time gap up to the availability of disposal facilities, many EU Member States are making available increased storage capacity for many decades longer than initially foreseen (and licensed) when the first interim storage facilities were commissioned, spanning up to more than 100 years (IAEA, 2019). Nuclear fuel is not designed to incorporate any specific features or characteristics that facilitate direct disposal, but 40 years of research have shown that it possesses important safety functions, allowing for safe direct disposal if packaged in suitable containers that are part of a well-designed disposal concept.

KEYWORDS: spent fuel, burnup, linear power, irradiation history, radionuclide inventories, fuel matrix, grain boundaries, cladding, durability, leaching, radiolysis, radiation damage, helium production, hydrogen.

KEY ACRONYMS: Spent Nuclear Fuel (SNF)

Contributing authors: Bernd GRAMBOW; Paul CARBOL; Johan ANDERSSON; Reviewers: Name.

- Involvement of the EURAD community (experts) + "external" experts as knowledge providers is crucial
 - Authors
 - Reviewers
 - Editors
 - Updating





- Identification and engagement of experts is one central pillar for the production of the KM documents ... but challenging
 - Timely identification and engagement of high-level experts (involving the entire community)
- EURAD community does not cover the required expertise in all Domains
 - · Identification and engagement of external high-level experts
- Due to that vast number of different organisations and their different backgrounds → slightly different views on the scope and content of the documents
 - Collect broad feedback → all voices to be heard (and NOT only the loudest) and a representative overview of opinions is formed when discussing specific issues and future work
 - Moderate discussions & keeping content on a generic level and/or cover all points of view
 - · A consensus that satisfies everyone to a hundred percent may not be found
- The implemented agile learning-by-doing approach has its own challenges

eurad

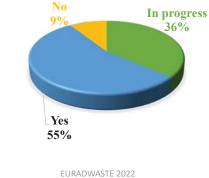
01.06.2022 EURADWASTE 2022

MAKING KNOWLEDGE AVAILABLE - SCREENING AND REVIEW OF EXISTING KM SYSTEMS AND TOOLS

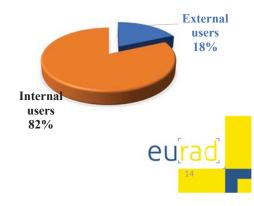
- Development of a Knowledge Management System (KMS) easy and efficient access to Knowledge
- The aim of KMS is not only to be a digital tool but also a "lively instrument"
- Deliverable D11.1 → 11 organisations were surveyed



Existence of KMS in the organisation



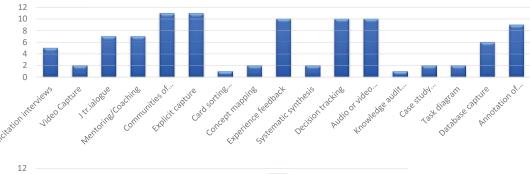
Access to the KMS in organisations



01.06.2022

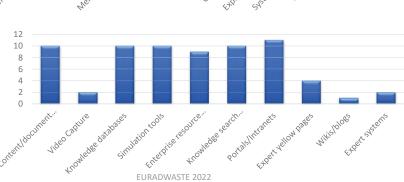
MAKING KNOWLEDGE AVAILABLE - SCREENING AND REVIEW OF EXISTING KM SYSTEMS AND TOOLS

Application of critical knowledge capturing tools by RWM organizations



Utilization of IT support system and tools

01.06.2022



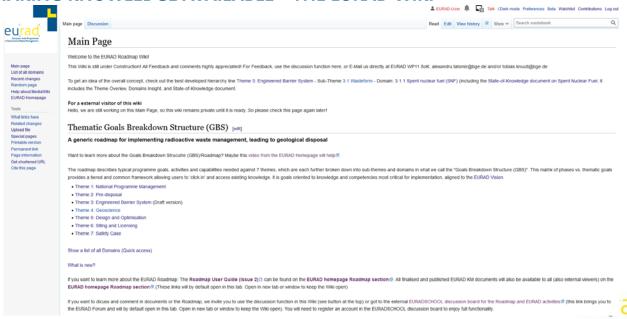




LESSONS LEARNT - SCREENING AND REVIEW OF EXISTING KM SYSTEMS AND TOOLS

- Existing tools are very diverse and are adjusted to the respective organisational needs
 → no clear tendency how the KMS are set
- Portal-KMS should allow storing different types of information in various formats
- A "forum" feedback and comment tool are essential for the portal-KMS
- Statistical data should be available to be collected and analysed
- End-users would like to have a knowledge map and to know a Knowledge Champions of the EURAD community
- All organizations mentioned that written strategy and clear policy are essential for implementation of KM strategy in their organizations
- Organisational culture is important for a KMS implementation → knowledge sharing is essential
- EURAD KMS is planned to be generalized, web-based, supporting K capture, storage, sharing and transferring

MAKING KNOWLEDGE AVAILABLE – THE EURAD WIKI



01.06.2022 **EURADWASTE 2022**



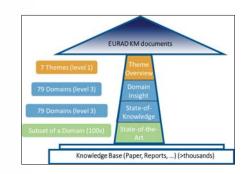
WHY WIKI

- Most people are familiar with a Wiki (Wikipedia)
 - → easy to use, end-user friendly
- "Easy" to set up and edit
 - → EURAD community + external experts as contributors ("Wikipedia mindset")
- · High degree of flexibility
 - → adaptable to EURAD structure and needs
- · Simple and affordable IT
 - → Can be maintained by many people (flexibility), simple systems break less often



WHAT IS IN THE WIKI?

- All KM documents structured with GBS
- SotA Reports
 - · To be linked to relevant domains, R&D WP input needed



EURAD SotA Reports - The State-of-the-Art [edit]

In addition to the documents of the GBS (Theme Overview, Domain Insight, State-of-Knowledge), the EURAD R&D Work Packages are also producing detailed State-of-the-Art reports about the topics of their work. The WPs produce one initial report at the beginning of EURAD and one final report at the end of EURAD. Check out the following openly available reports (left click on the link will open an external website in this window):

- State-of-the-Art report on Cement-Organic-Radionuclide Interactions WP3 CORI, initial SolA report to read the WP3 CORI initial SolA Summary and use the "Discussion function" there to discuss the document (Button at the top left)
- State-of-the-Art report on the Fields of Numerical Analysis and Scientific Computing WP4 DONUT, initial SolA report D or read the WP4 DONUT initial SolA Summary and use the "Discussion function" there to discuss the document (Button at the
- State-of-the-Art report on the Understanding of Radionuclide Retention and Transport in Clay and Crystalline Rocks WP5 FUTURE, initial SotA report on the WP5 FUTURE initial SotA Summary and use the "Discussion function" there to discuss the document (Button at the top left)
- State-of-the-Art report on Gas Transport in Clayey Materials WP6 GAS, initial SotA report or read the WP6 GAS initial SotA Summary and use the "Discussion function" there to discuss the document (Button at the top left)
- State-of-the-Art report on THM Behaviour of i) Buffer Clay Materials and of ii) Host Clay Materials WP7 HITEC, initial SotA report to or read the WP7 HITEC initial SotA Summary and use the "Discussion function" there to discuss the document (Button at the top left)
- State-of-the-Art report on Spent Fuel Characterization and Evolution Until Disposal WP 8 SFC, initial SolA report D or read the WP 8 SFC initial SolA summary and use the "Discussion function" there to discuss the document (Button at the top



01.06.2022 **EURADWASTE 2022**



WHAT IS IN THE WIKI?

- · All KM documents structured with GBS
- SotA Reports
 - · To be linked to relevant domains
- Guidance documents
- Mobility & Training



EURAD Guidance documents (WP12) [edit]

In addition to the documents that capture the current State-of-Knowledge, EURAD is also procuing Guidance documents (WP12). These documents will be integrated into the GBS at a later stage. For the time being:

• Click here to read the latest Guidance document on "Cost assessment and financing schemes of RWM programmes"

EURAD Training & Mobility Programme (WP13) [edit]

Are you interested in a training or mobility activitiy and want to know how to get EURAD support?

- Check out the EURADSchool website to learn more (WP13 Training&Mobility)

 ■
- Here you can find templates for training
- Information on what WP13 can do for other WPs
 □
- Overview of historical training courses
- Or read on of the published EURAD Mobility Reports

EURADWASTE 2022 01.06.2022





WHAT IS IN THE WIKI?

- All KM documents structured with GBS
 - Theme Overview
 - Domain Insight
 - · State-of-Knowledge
- SotA Reports
- Guidance documents
- Mobility & Training



Everything in one place!

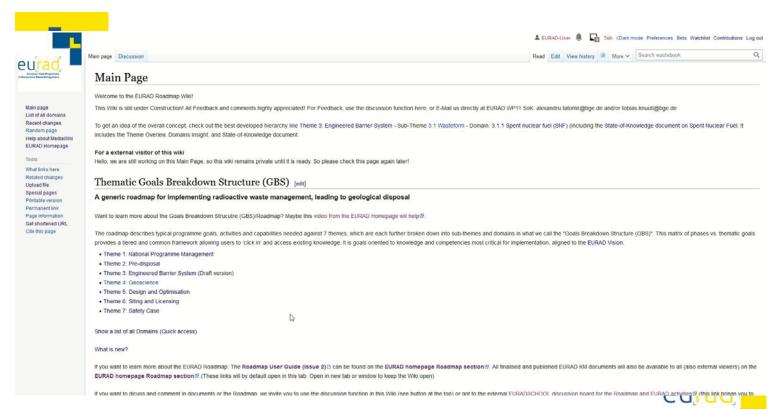
+ flexibility for more

EURAD Wiki

01.06.2022

EURADWASTE 2022







CONCLUSIONS AND OUTLOOK

- · Knowledge Management is crucial for the safe implementation of RWM
- Challenges of KM, e.g., useful structuring of knowledge into topics, providing knowledge on the needed level of detail
- EURAD programme is an excellent opportunity to tackle these challenges by bringing together a vast number of organisations and highly qualified experts from different fields
- WP11 SoK has taken important steps in the endeavour to capture relevant knowledge and make it accessible to end-users
 - KM Document production has started and it is ongoing
 - KM Wiki was developed, now accessible in EURAD and allows sharing & discussing
 - Crucial groundwork for the development of a KMS / IT-Platform, was laid through the survey of existing tools and approaches
- Remaining challenges: extending KM beyond EURAD (in time and to other communities), keeping content up to date, supporting national programmes in the implementation, ensuring usefulness for the end-users

01.06.2022

EURADWASTE 2022





CONCLUSIONS AND OUTLOOK

- Population of the Roadmap/GBS and Wiki with KM documents
- · Further development of the Wiki
 - → Involvement of end-users : exchange and commenting between end-users through discussion function
- Create a lively KM culture
- Development of a KM IT-tool based on the needs and specifications identified
- Establishing a pilot KM Community of Practice with a significant involvement of the EURAD community
- KM is a long-term activity and we look forward to interact with you as ...
 - End-users: take a look and please provide feedback
 - Knowledge owners and providers: support the production of the KM documents, indicate relevant sources, and participate in networking
 - · Reviewers: review some of the KM documents
- It is a team effort!







THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

On behalf of WP11 <u>Alexandru.Tatomir@bge.de</u>



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement N°847593